

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Collaborators: \_\_\_\_\_

(If applicable, the collaborators submit their individually written assignments together)

Question:	1	2	3	4	Total
Points:	10	20	25	10	65
Score:					

**Instructor/grader comments:**

**Lagrange interpolation**

1. (10 points) (pen and paper problem) Let  $\ell_k(x)$  be the Lagrange cardinal polynomial. Explain why for any distribution of  $n$  nodes and for any  $x$

$$\sum_{k=0}^n \ell_k(x) = 1.$$

**Barycentric formula**

2. (pen and paper problem)
- (a) (10 points) Find the barycentric weights for the nodes:  $t_0 = 0$ ,  $t_1 = 1$ ,  $t_2 = 3$ .
- (b) (10 points) Find the interpolating polynomial,  $p(x)$  for the data  $y_0 = -1$ ,  $y_1 = 1$ ,  $y_2 = -1$  and compute  $p(2)$ .

**Programming**

3. (25 points) For the function

$$f(x) = \cosh(\sin(x))$$

compute the polynomial interpolant using  $n$  second kind Chebyshev nodes in  $[-1, 1]$

$$x_k = -\cos\left(\frac{k\pi}{n}\right), \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, n.$$

for  $n = 4, 8, 12, \dots, 60$ . Use the barycentric-formula-based function `polyinterp` developed in class. For each value of  $n$ , compute the infinity-norm error (that is  $\max |p(x) - f(x)|$  calculated for at least 4000 values of  $x$ ). Plot the error as a function of  $n$ . Use a suitable coordinate axes.

Describe the behavior of the error vs  $n$  in the project's README file.

Provide axes labels, a grid, and a title for your graph.

Place the commands `clear`, `clf` at the top of your script.

Place the code for this problem into the script named **hw04p3.m**.

**Gitlab**

4. (10 points) Create a gitlab project called **hw04** (name it exactly as shown). Upload **all** Matlab files that are needed to run your code.

Scan your answers/solutions of Problems 1 and 2, combine all scans into a single pdf file (call it **hw04.pdf**) and upload it to gitlab. **Do not** upload other types of files (e.g. no graphics files).

Share the project with the instructor and the grader and grant them **Reporter** privileges.