Analysis of $p\bar{p} \to \phi f_0$ in the JETSET Experiment for the GlueX Graduate Student Workshop

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X(3872)

$$X(3872): \{M, \Gamma\}(\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi) = \{3871.4 \pm 0.6, 2.3\} \text{ in } B^- \to K^-X.$$

- ▶ Decay analysis: $\gamma \rightarrow \rho \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
- \blacktriangleright PWA suggests $J^{PC}=1^{++}$ and $J^{PC}=2^{-+}$
- ... charmonium states χ_{c1} and η_{c2} would be poor choices due to isospin violation necessary for decay to $\rho J/\psi$

(evidence of a competing decay to $\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 J/\psi$, e.g. via a virtual ω may confirm isostate mixing)

Speculations:

- ▶ X(3872) is a D^0D^{*0} molecule! The mass is nearly equal to the sum of D^0 and D^{*0} masses.
- ▶ Tetraquark proposed with the prediction of strong "X" production from B^0 decays to $K^0\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi$

States near predicted η_c''

Two states found around the predicted $\eta_c''(3^1S_1):\{M,\Gamma\}=\{3943,50\}$

- 1. $X(3940): \{M, \Gamma\}(D\bar{D}^*) = \{3942 \pm 8, 52\} \text{ in } e^+e^- \to J/\psi X$
 - \blacktriangleright Not found in $D\bar{D}$ or $\omega J/\psi$ taken to be 0^{-+} given the production mechanism.
 - ▶ Reasonable agreement to theory but below potential model estimate.
- 2. $X(4160): \{M, \Gamma\}(D^*\bar{D^*}) = \{4156 \pm 29, 139\} \text{ in } e^+e^- \to J/\psi X$
 - ▶ For analogous reasons, 3^1S_1 assignment makes sense
 - Mass is perhaps too high.

So, which is the expected charmonium state, and what to do with with the other one?

Also
$$Y(3940): \{M, \Gamma\}(\omega J/\psi) = \{3943 \pm 17, 87 \pm 34\}$$
 in $B \to KX$

- ▶ not yet clear if distinct from X(3940)
- ▶ large branching fraction inconsistent with P-wave charmonium, but may be plausible if it decays via $D\bar{D}^*$ or mixes with X(3872)

Other interesting findings

$$Z(3930): \{M, \Gamma\}(D\bar{D}) = \{3929 \pm 6, 29 \pm 10\} \text{ in } \gamma\gamma \to Z.$$

- $ightharpoonup \gamma \gamma$ allows 0^{++} and 2^{++} ; PWA favors the latter.
- ▶ Consistent with predicted: $\{M,\Gamma\}(\chi_{c2}(2P))=\{3972,28.6\}$
- ▶ The production rate is also thought consistent

Some broad resonances in ISR production of $\pi^+\pi^-\psi'$ found that are inconsistent with the established charmonium states:

- $Y(4360): \{M, \Gamma\} = \{4361 \pm 13, 74 \pm 18\}$
- $Y(4660): \{M, \Gamma\} = \{4664 \pm 12, 48 \pm 15\}$

$$Z^+(4430):\{M,\Gamma\}(\pi^+\psi')=\{4433\pm 5,45^{+35}_{-18}\}$$
 in $B\to KZ^+$ Non-zero charge suggests that this may be a molecule or tetraquark.

Y(4260) and Y(2175)

$$Y(4260):\{M,\Gamma\}(\pi^+\pi^-J/\psi)=\{4259\pm 10, 88\pm 24\}$$
 in ISR events

- values do not match those of established charmonium states
- no evidence of the expected D meson pair decay channels

Candidates: **charmonium hybrid**, given the broad hadronic transitions found in bottomonium hybrids by LQCD.

Possible counterpart in the strange sector?

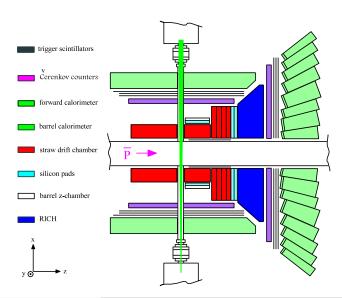
Y(2175) in $\phi f_0(980)$: consider ϕ as an analog of J/ψ

- ▶ BaBar observed: $e^+e^- \to \gamma_{ISR}\phi f_0(980)$ $\{M, \Gamma\} = \{2175 \pm 18, 58 \pm 26\}$
- ▶ BES confirmed: $J/\psi \to \phi f_0(980)\eta$ with $\{M, \Gamma\} = \{2186 \pm 10 \pm 6, 65 \pm 23 \pm 7\}$

In these analyses, decay products interpreted from:

$$\phi \to K^+K^-, f_0(980) \to \pi^+\pi^-$$

The JETSET detector



JETSET data

Realities of the data triggered at JETSET:

- 1. Detector acceptance for $KK\pi\pi$ was not very good. Events satisfying this hypothesis: **1051**
- 2. Set of 4K events: 22384

However, $f_0(980) \rightarrow KK$ has been seen.

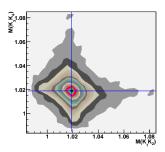
Let's look for interference between

$$\phi\phi \rightarrow 4K$$

$$\phi f_0 \rightarrow 4K$$

$$f_0 f_0 \rightarrow 4K$$

Hints in JETSET data



0.15
0.15
0.19
0.09
1 1.01 1.02 1.03 1.04
M (GeV)

Figure: 4K dalitz plot in the vicinity of $M(\phi)$. Note the skew in the $\phi\phi$ peak.

Figure: Example of a Breit-Wigner line shape shifted in the presence of an $f_0(980)$ -like resonance (below threshold.)

The skew in the tails of the enhancement corresponding to the ϕ is suggestive of an interference. An example of an interference shifting a peak is shown on the right.

Outlook

This is just the beginning - plenty of work ahead:

- Understand precisely what type of interference will cause the kind of skew in the Dalitz plot
- 2. Make some rough fits of the appropriate waves and line shapes to this pattern
- 3. Do a proper fit and try to extract properties of the anomalous waves. Is there significant ϕf_0 in there? What is it like?